



Use of an *in silico* tool to determine the molecular susceptibility of compounds forming nitrosamine degradation products

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We are a Not-For-Profit Organisation and Educational Charity
To enable informed decision making on chemical safety



Objective

We create cutting-edge software technology which streamlines compound development and minimises animal testing.



Members

(599 globally)

Our technology is developed in collaboration with industry stakeholders and regulators.



Software solutions



[Lhasa Limited | Shared Knowledge, Shared Progress](#)

Keywords

Excipients

Mitigation

In Silico

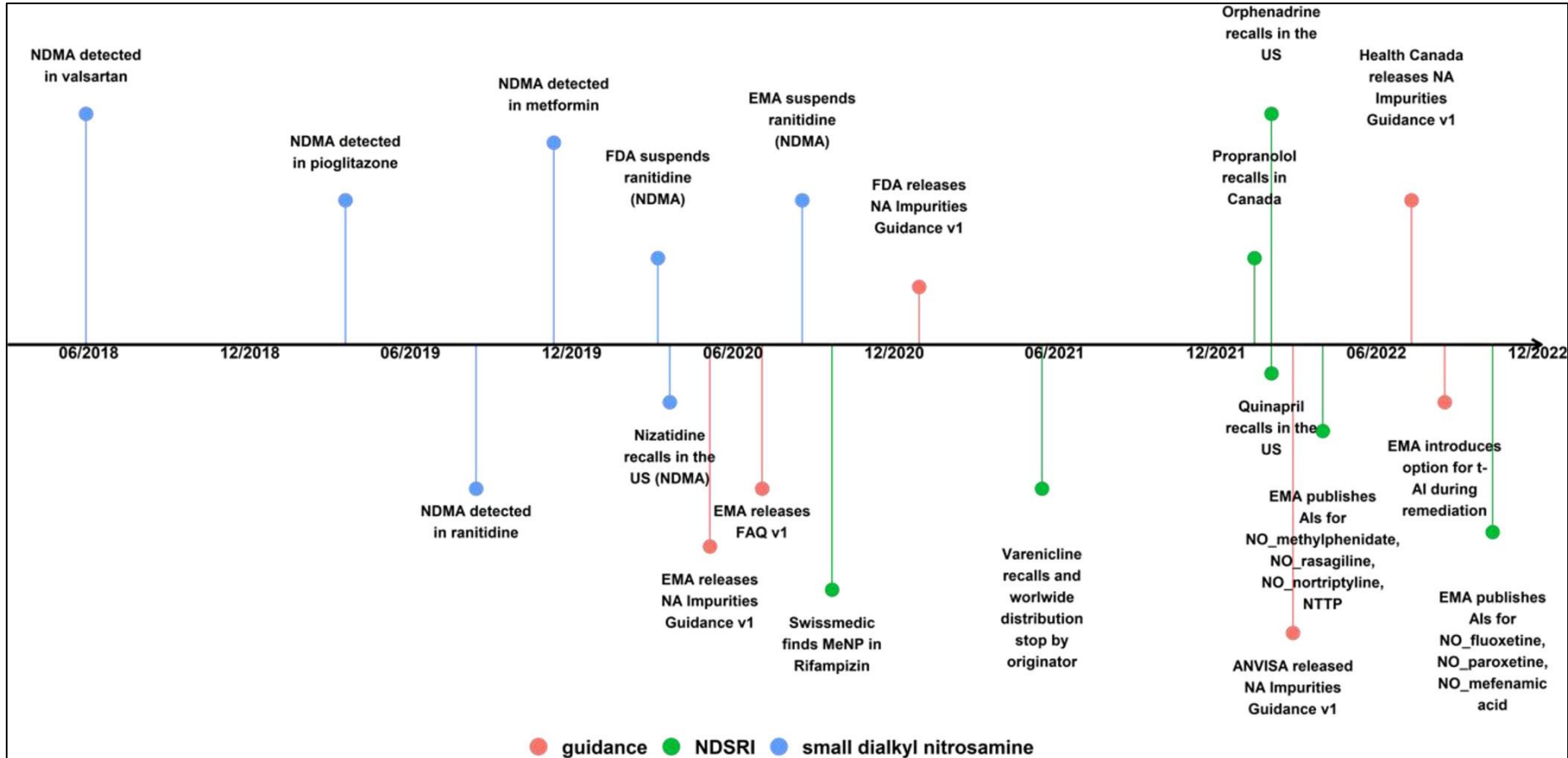
Nitrosamines

NDSRIs

Degradation

Nitrite levels

The Nitrosamine Saga¹

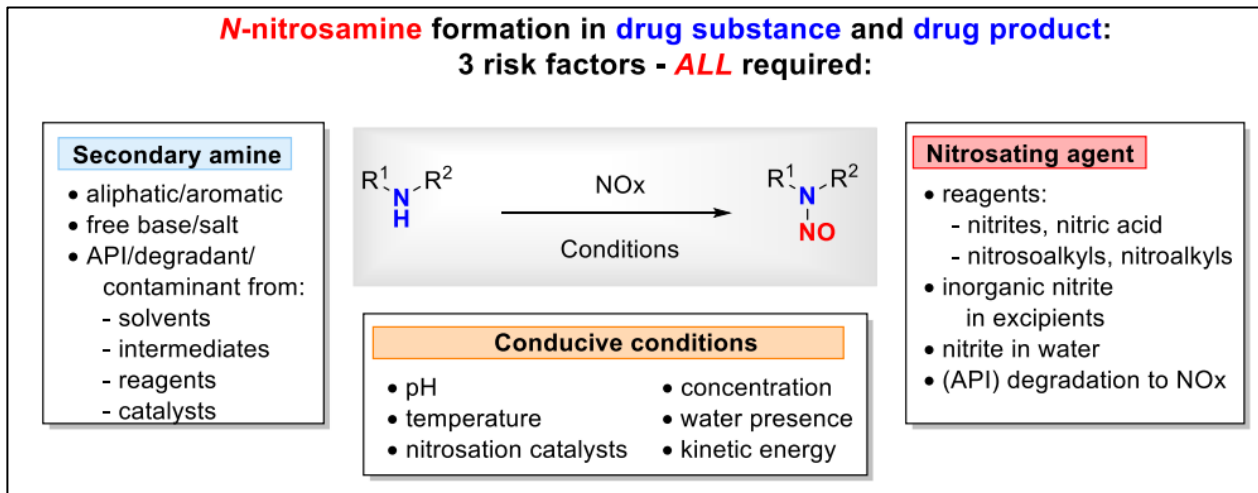


1. The Nitrosamine Saga: Lessons learned from five years of scrutiny, R. Nudelman et al, Org. Process Res. Dev., 2023, in press.



Challenges: what, where, who?

What?



2. Formation of N-Nitrosamine Drug Substance Related Impurities in Medicines: A Regulatory Perspective on Risk Factors and Mitigation Strategies, Cioc et al, Org. Process. Res. Dev., 2023, in press.

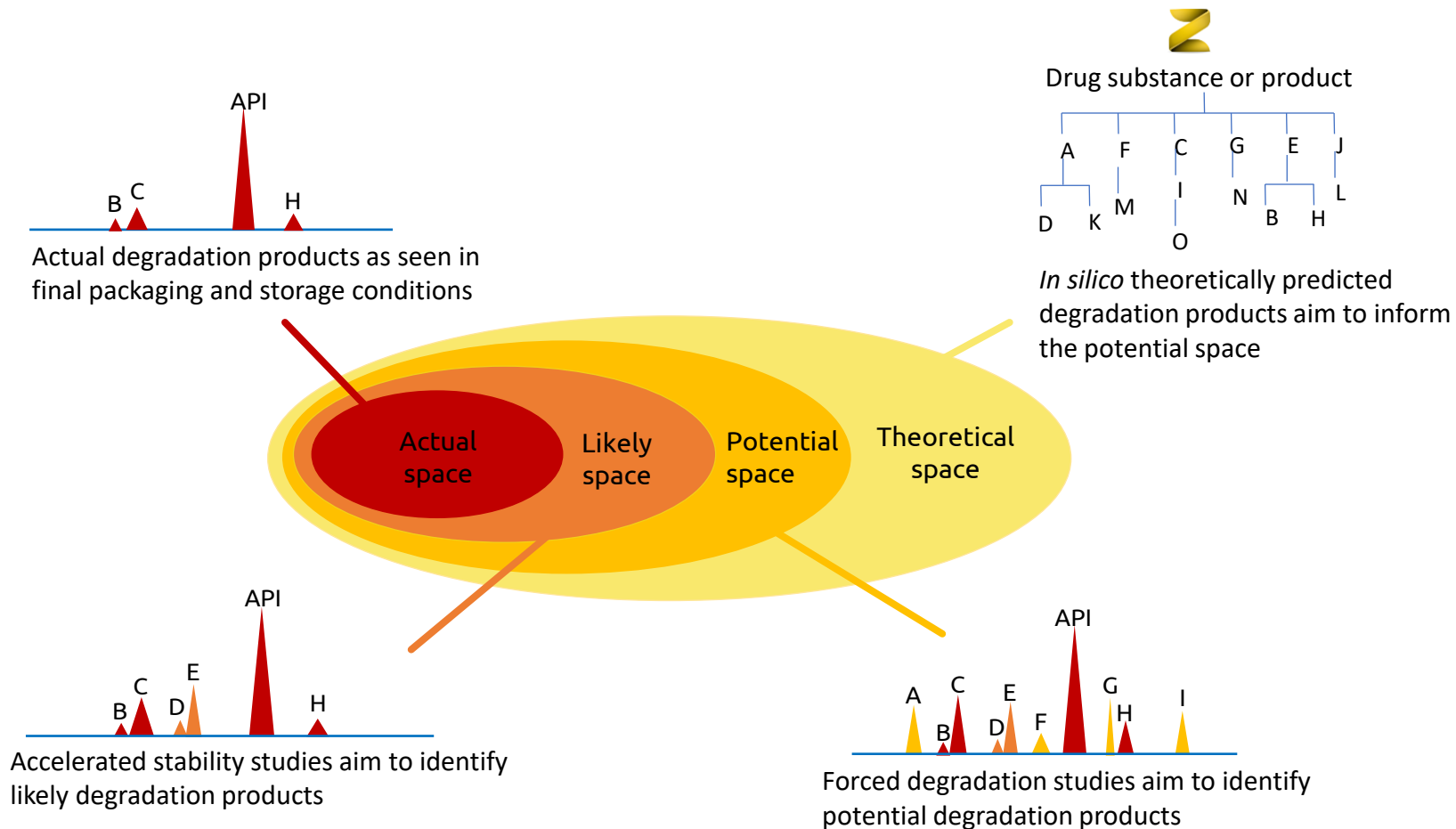
Where?

- ✓ Route of synthesis API
- ✓ Drug manufacturing process
- ✓ Degradation – DS or DP (DS + Impurity)
- ✓ Primary packaging materials

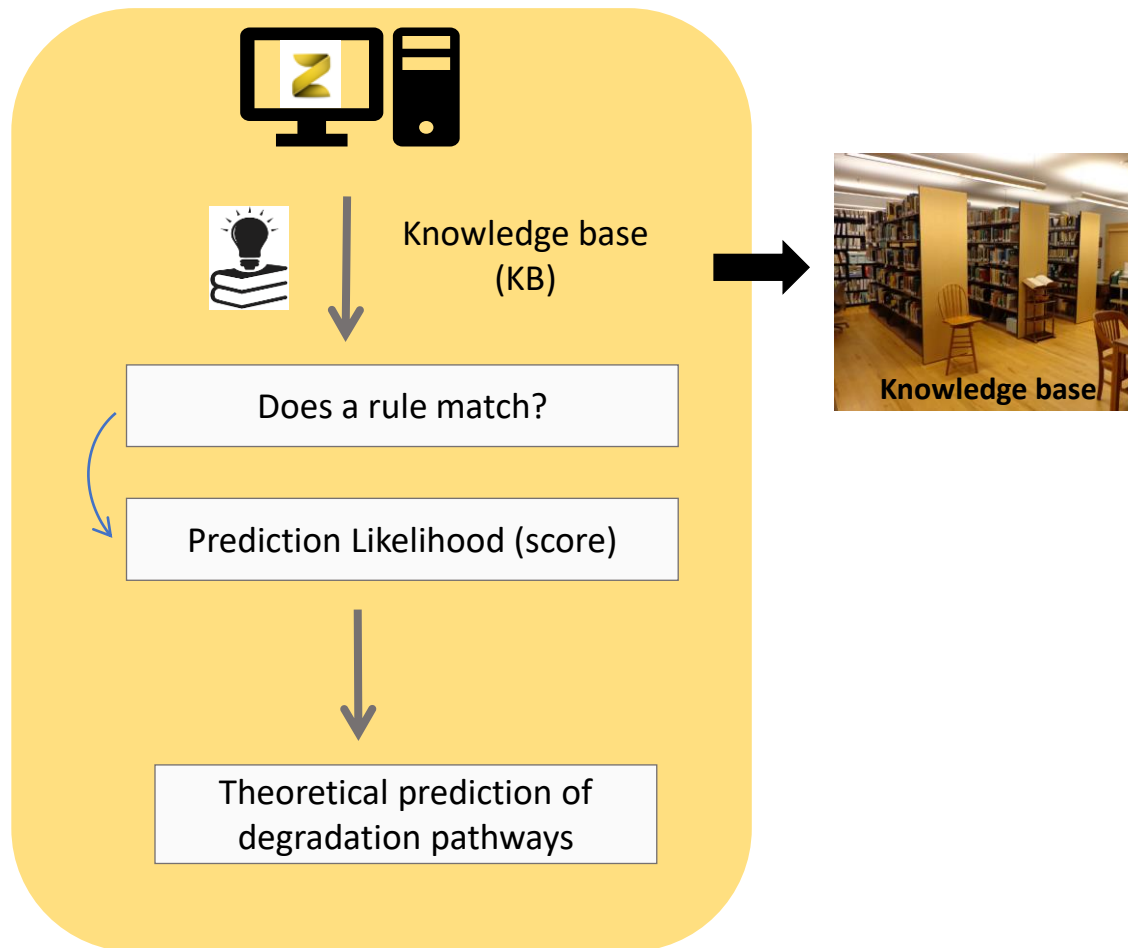
Who?



How can an *in silico* tool help?



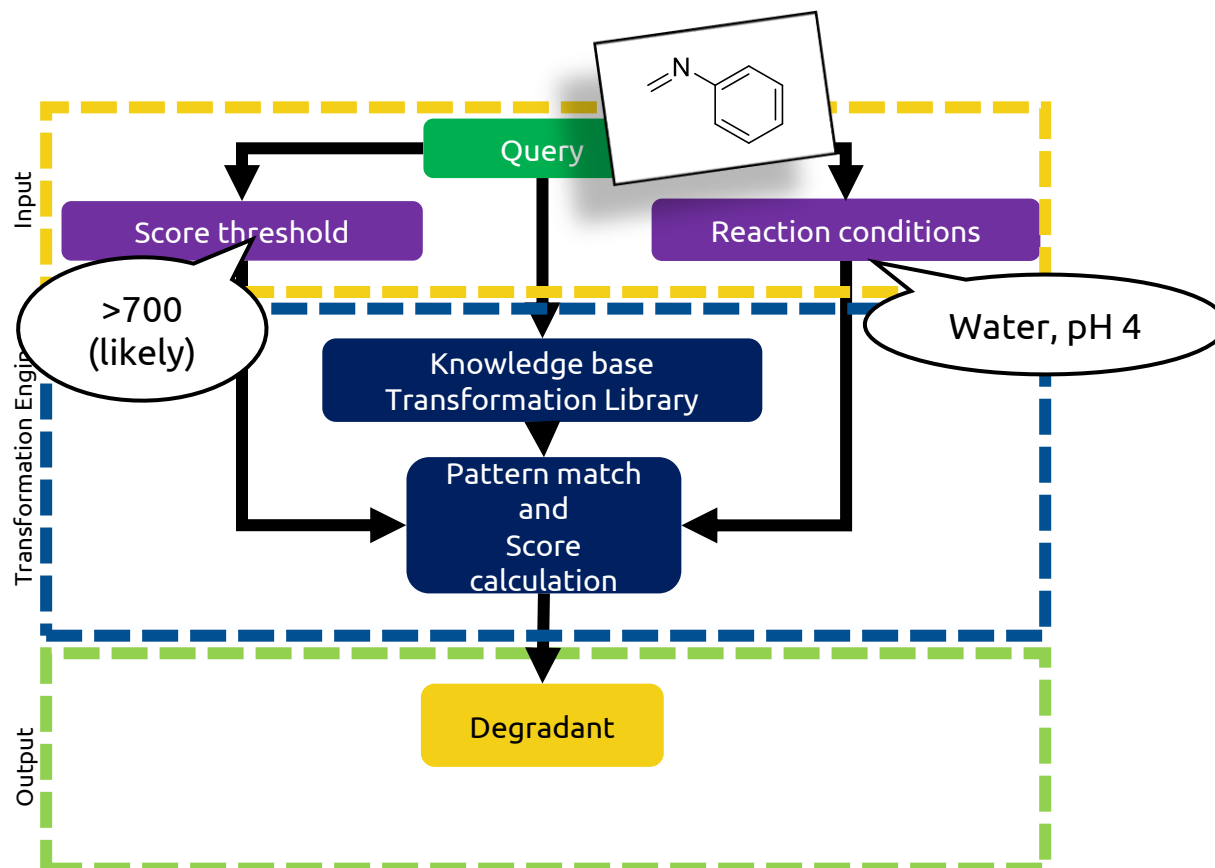
How does this tool work?^{3,4}



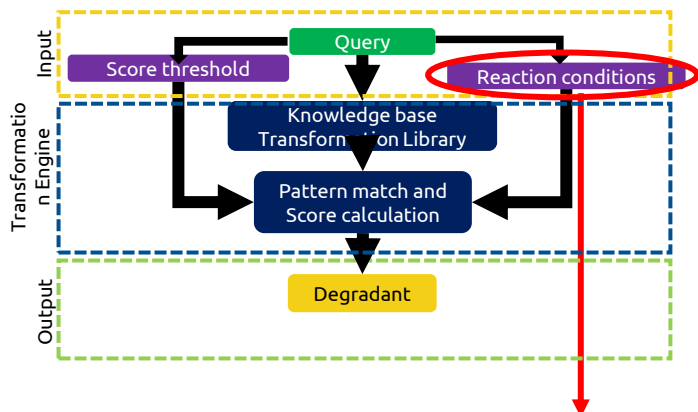
3. An expert system to predict the forced degradation of organic molecules, Parenty et al, Mol. Pharm., 2013, 10, 2962-2974.

4. Chapter 3: In silico drug degradation prediction. Ali et al, in: Methods for Stability Testing of Pharmaceuticals. Editors: Bajaj and Singh, 2018, pp 53-73.

Methodology



Methodology



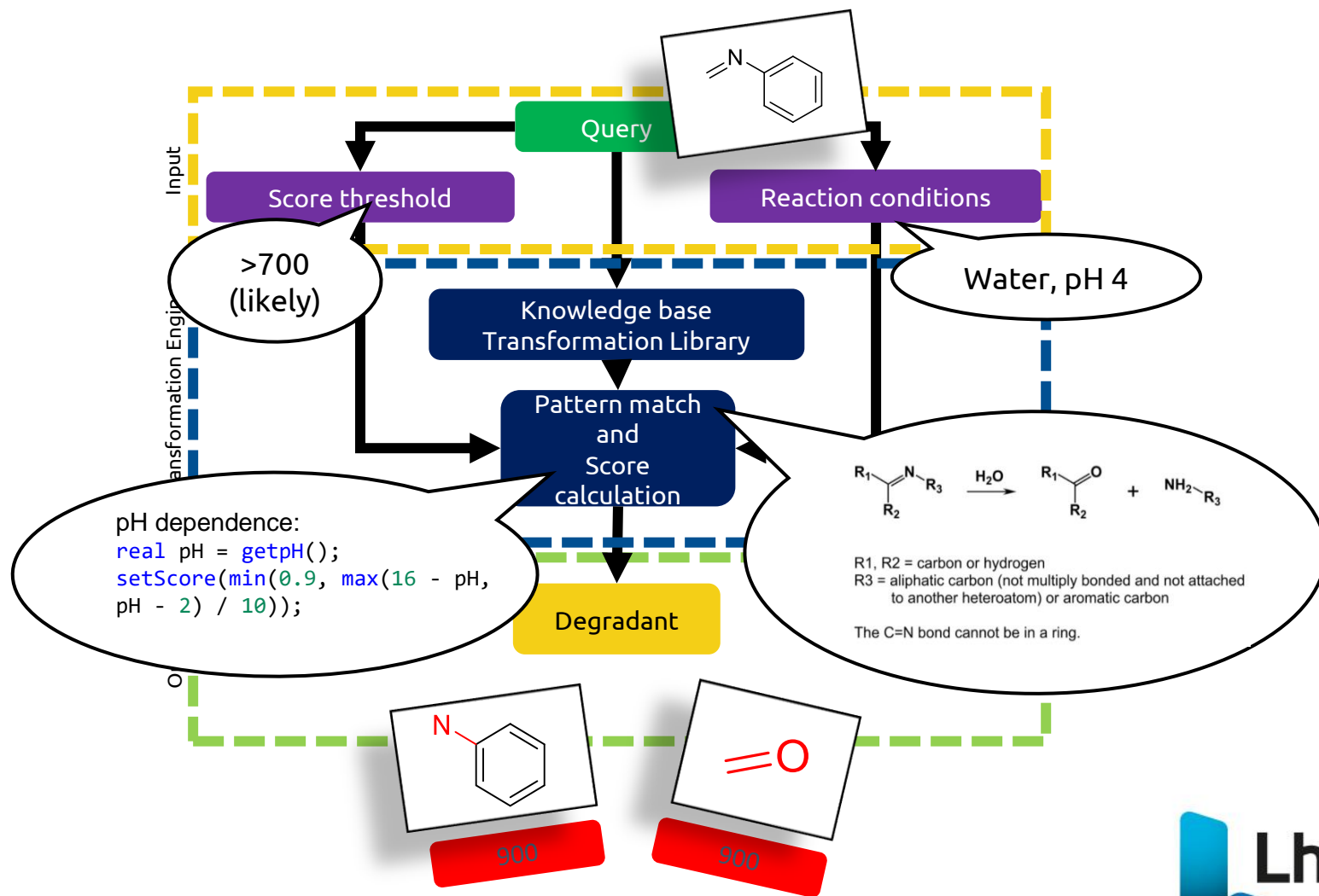
Conditions		Transformations		Other Settings				
Condition set	Temperature (°C)	pH	Water	Oxygen	Metal	Radical initiator	Peroxide	Light
1	20	7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

*Information from Q3B guideline

CONDITIONS GENERALLY EMPLOYED FOR FORCED DEGRADATION

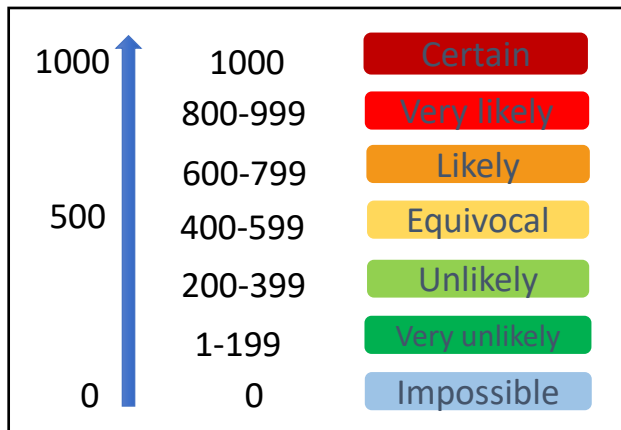
Degradation Type	Experimental Condition	Storage Condition	Sampling Time
Hydrolysis	Control API (no acid or base)	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	0.1N HCl	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	0.1N NaOH	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Acid Control (no API)	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Base Control (no API)	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
Oxidative	pH: 2, 4, 6, 8	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	3% H ₂ O ₂	25 °C, 40 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Peroxide Control	25 °C, 40 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN)	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
Photolytic	AIBN Control	40 °C, 60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Light, 1 X ICH	NA	1, 3, 5 days
	Light, 3 X ICH	NA	1, 3, 5 days
Thermal	Light control	NA	1, 3, 5 days
	Heat Chamber	60 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Heat Chamber	60 °C / 75% RH	1, 3, 5 days
	Heat Chamber	80 °C	1, 3, 5 days
	Heat Chamber	80 °C / 75% RH	1, 3, 5 days
Heat Control	Room Temp.	1, 3, 5 days	

Methodology

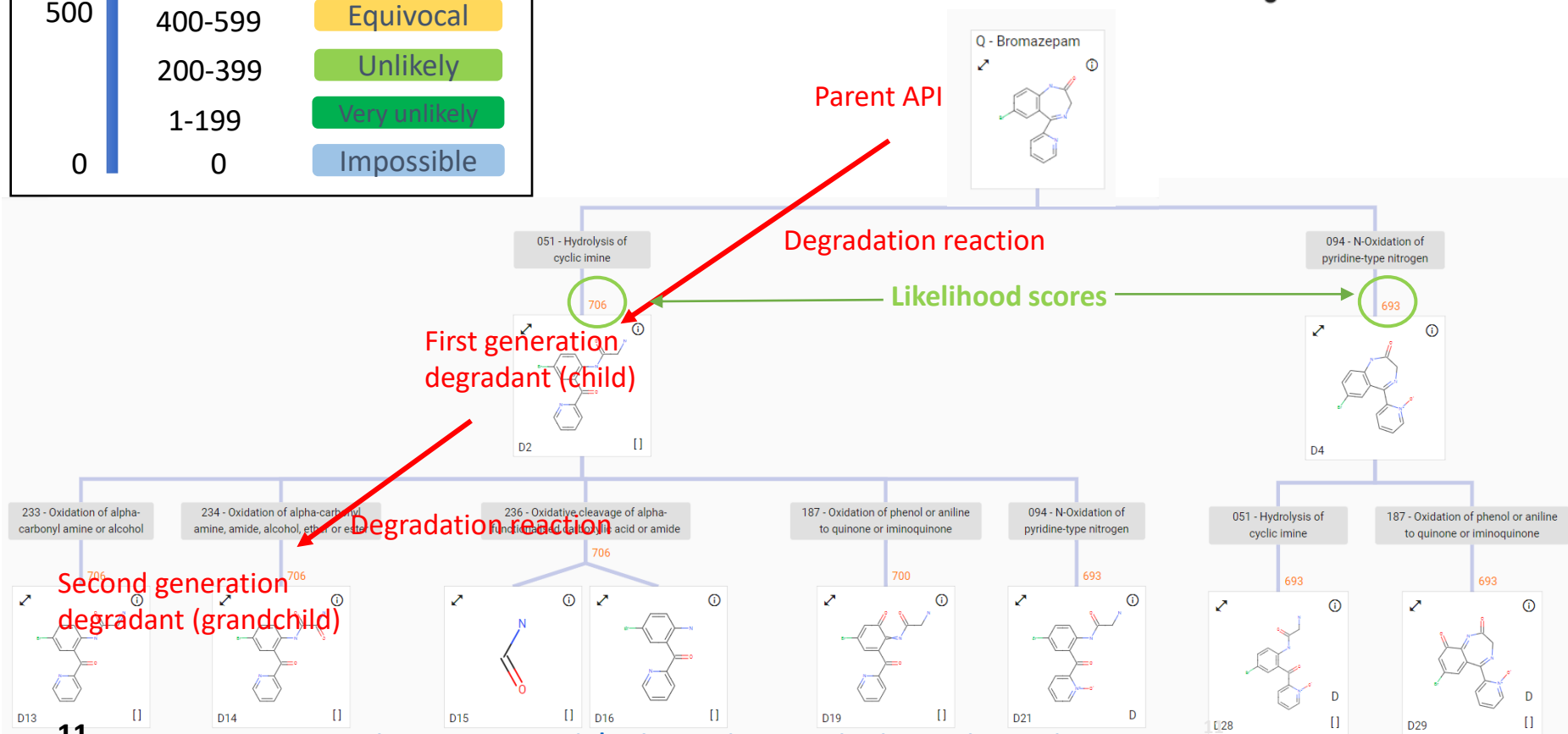


Output: Results tree

Representative example: API bromazepam

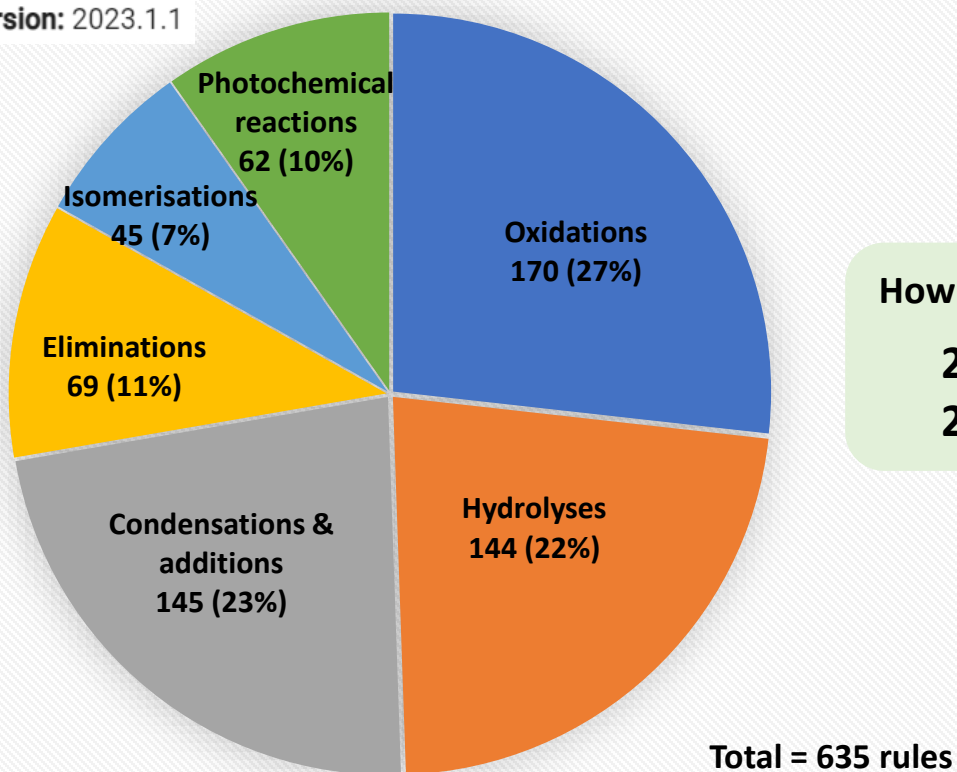


Knowledge base version: 2023.1.1



Coverage within Zeneth

Knowledge base version: 2023.1.1



How “good” is this knowledge base?

2014: 54% sensitivity ⁵

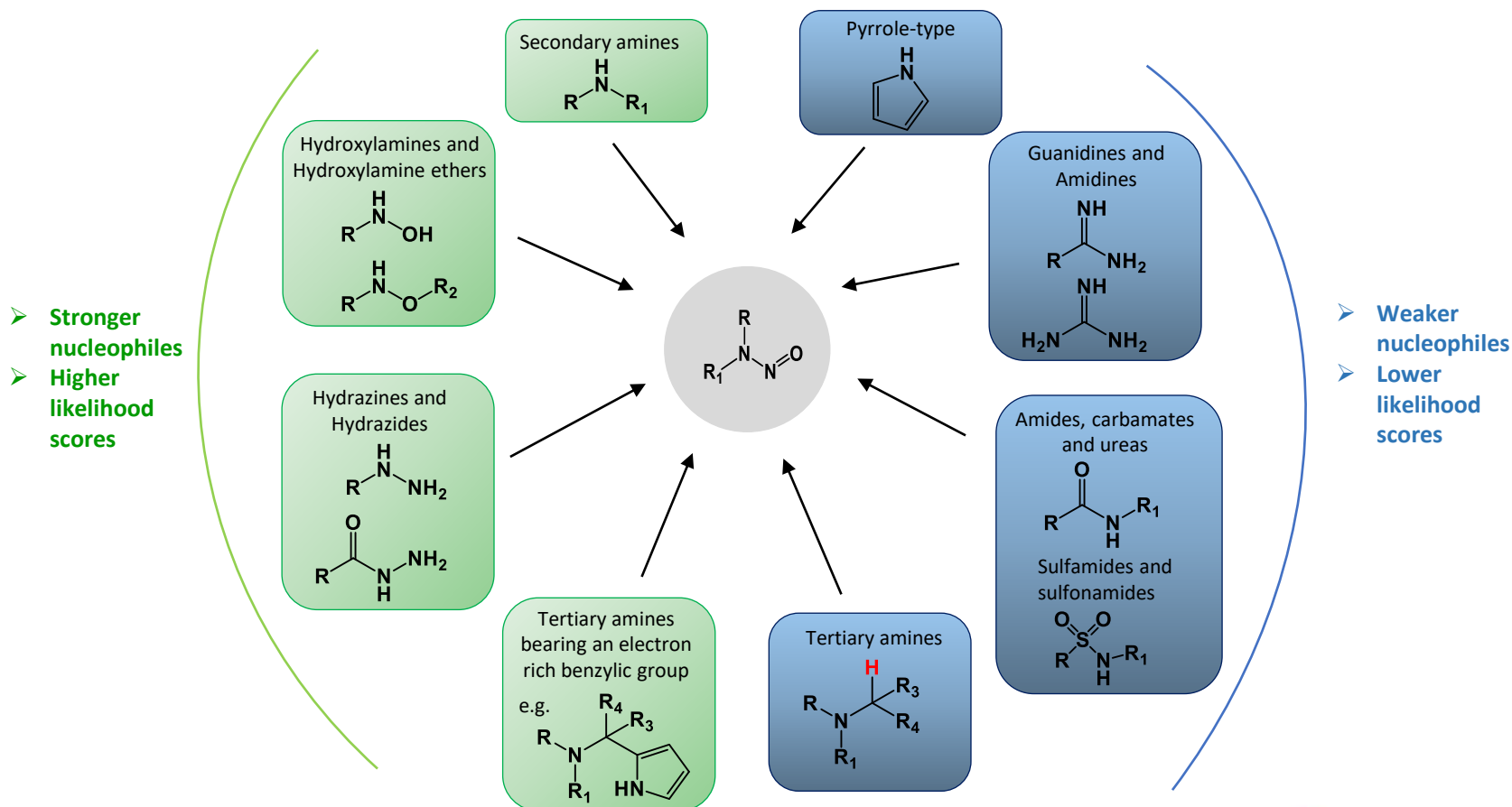
2020: 70% sensitivity ⁶

5. In Silico Prediction of Pharmaceutical Degradation Pathways: A Benchmarking Study, Kleinman et al, Mol. Pharm., 2014, 11, 4179-4188.

6. In silico prediction of pharmaceutical degradation pathways: a benchmarking study using the software program Zeneth, Hemingway et al, submitted for publication. ed.

Coverage of nitrosation reactions

N-N bond formation

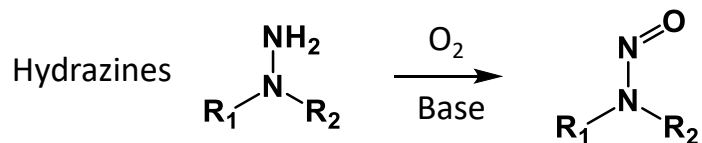


- Stronger nucleophiles
- Higher likelihood scores

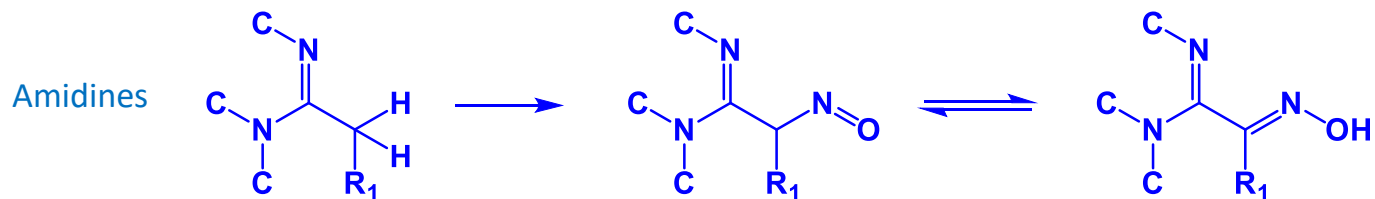
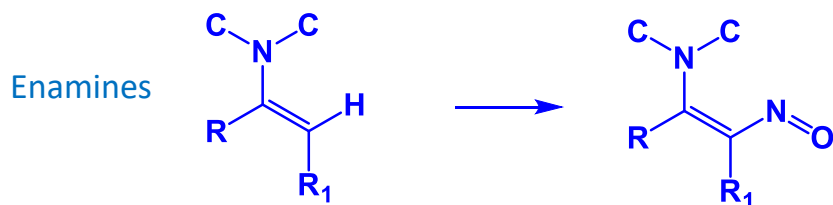
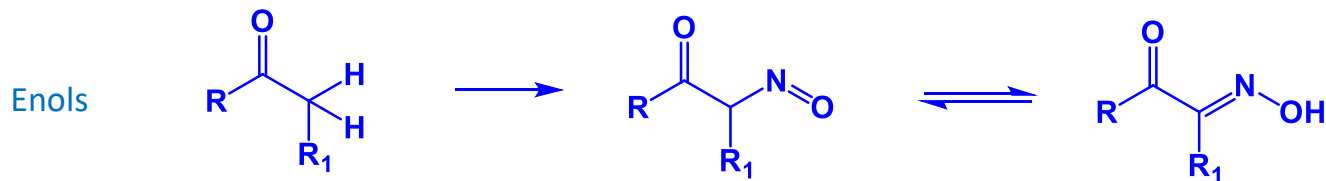
- Weaker nucleophiles
- Lower likelihood scores

Coverage of nitrosation reactions

N-O bond formation



N-C bond formation

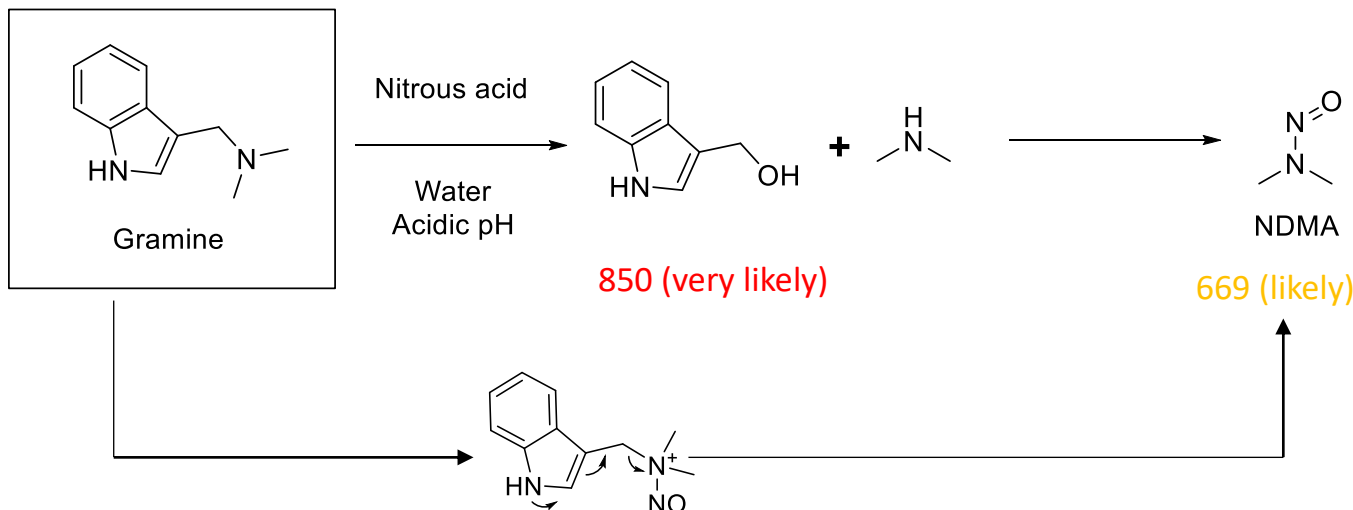


Nitrosamine degradant generation



N-nitrosamine formation in drug substance and drug product:
3 risk factors - **ALL** required:

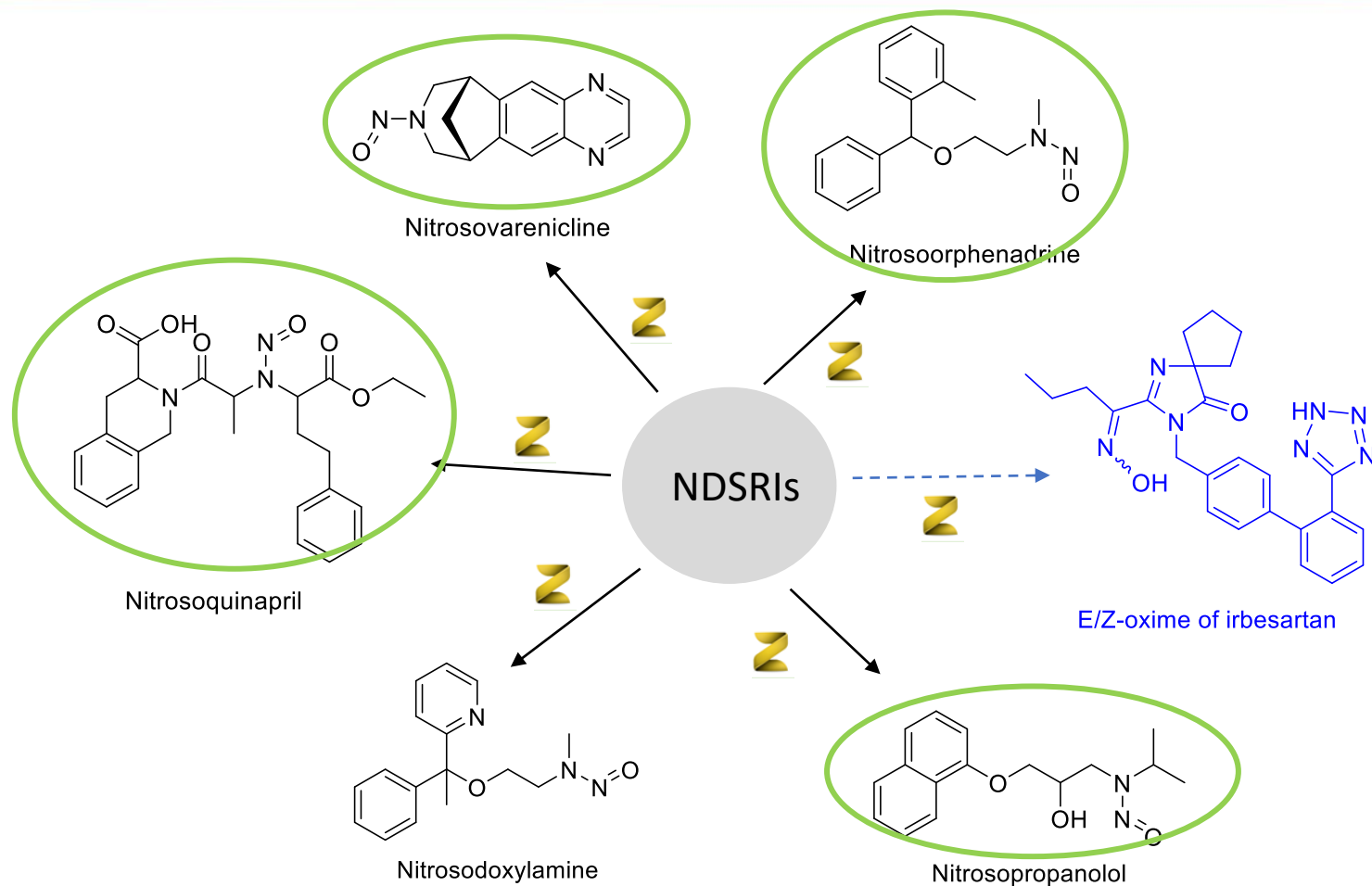
<p>Secondary amine</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aliphatic/aromatic • free base/salt • API/degradant/contaminant from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - solvents - intermediates - reagents - catalysts 	$\text{R}^1\text{-}\overset{\text{H}}{\text{N}}\text{-R}^2 \xrightarrow[\text{Conditions}]{\text{NO}_x} \text{R}^1\text{-}\overset{\text{NO}}{\text{N}}\text{-R}^2$	<p>Nitrosating agent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reagents: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - nitrites, nitric acid - nitrosoalkyls, nitroalkyls • inorganic nitrite in excipients • nitrite in water • (API) degradation to NOx
<p>Conducive conditions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pH • temperature • nitrosation catalysts • concentration • water presence • kinetic energy 		



Zeneth → assess the theoretical potential of your API to form a nitrosamine



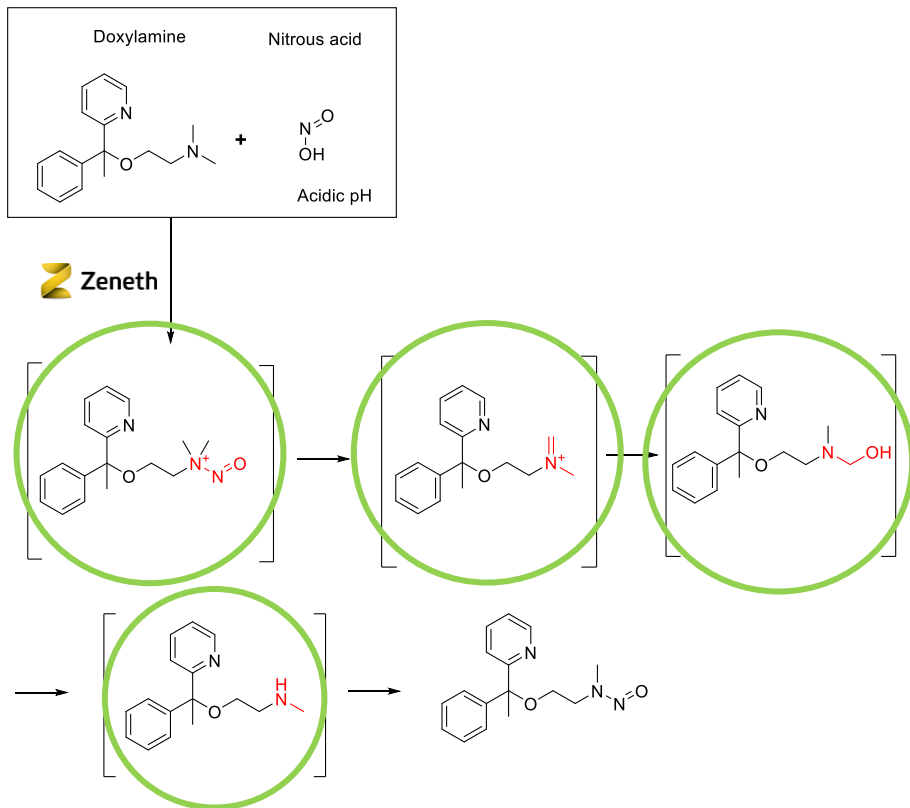
NDSRIs



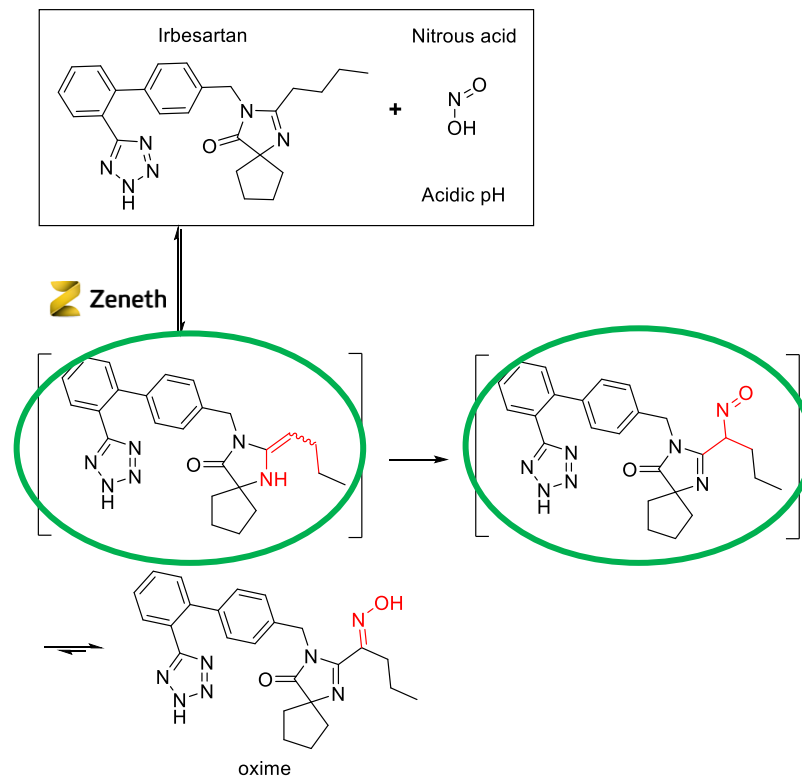
Zeneth → assess the theoretical potential of your API to form an NDSRI

Predictions at acidic pH

Doxylamine: N-Nitrosation of a tertiary amine



Irbesartan: C-Nitrosation of an amidine



The landscape

“In total, 40.4 % of the analyzed APIs and 29.6 % of the API impurities are potential nitrosamine precursors”



Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences
Volume 112, Issue 5, May 2023, Pages 1287-1304




Global Health

The Landscape of Potential Small and Drug Substance Related Nitrosamines in Pharmaceuticals

[Joerg Schlingemann](#)^{a, 1}  , [Michael J. Burns](#)^{b, 1} , [David J. Ponting](#)^b,
[Carolina Martins Avila](#)^{b, f}, [Naiffer E. Romero](#)^c, [Mrunal A. Jaywant](#)^c, [Graham F. Smith](#)^d,
[Ian W. Ashworth](#)^e, [Stephanie Simon](#)^a, [Christoph Saal](#)^a, [Andrzej Wilk](#)^c

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Regulators

“Cooperation between some **drug product manufacturers, marketing authorization holders** and **excipient suppliers** has allowed for a better understanding of the nitrite content of various excipients.”

ORGANIC PROCESS RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

OPR&D

pubs.acs.org/OPRD Review

Formation of *N*-Nitrosamine Drug Substance Related Impurities in Medicines: A Regulatory Perspective on Risk Factors and Mitigation Strategies

Răzvan C. Cioc, Ciarán Joyce, Monika Mayr, and Robert N. Bream*

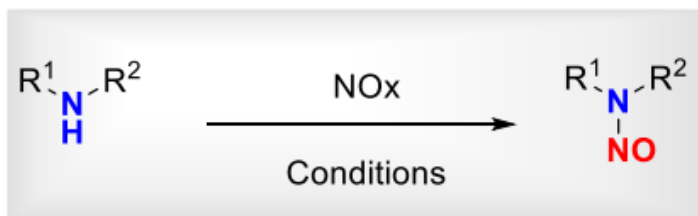
 Cite This: <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.oprd.3c00153>  Read Online

Risk factors

N-nitrosamine formation in **drug substance** and **drug product**: 3 risk factors - **ALL** required:

Secondary amine

- aliphatic/aromatic
- free base/salt
- API/degradant/
contaminant from:
 - solvents
 - intermediates
 - reagents
 - catalysts



Conducive conditions

- pH
- temperature
- nitrosation catalysts
- concentration
- water presence
- kinetic energy

Nitrosating agent

- reagents:
 - nitrites, nitric acid
 - nitrosoalkyls, nitroalkyls
- inorganic nitrite
in excipients
- nitrite in water
- (API) degradation to NO_x

2. Formation of N-Nitrosamine Drug Substance Related Impurities in Medicines: A Regulatory Perspective on Risk Factors and Mitigation Strategies, Cioc et al, Org. Process Res. Dev., 2023, in press.

The Vitic Nitrites Consortium

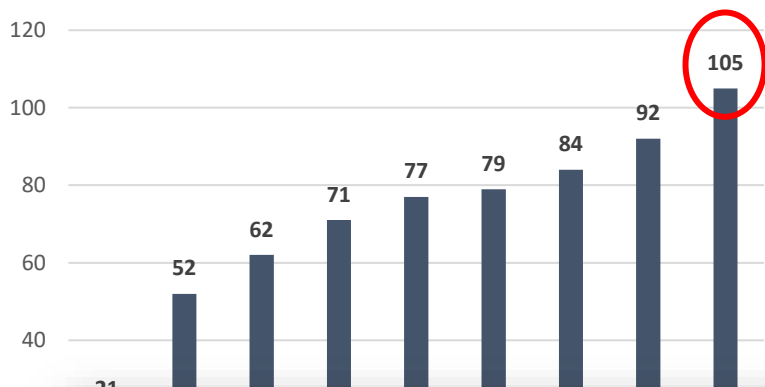


Generate a comprehensive and robust dataset of the level of nitrites in a broad range of excipients, reagents and solvents to aid in compiling **nitrosamine risk assessments** for drug products and drug substances.



Data sharing initiative

Number of excipients



Number of results

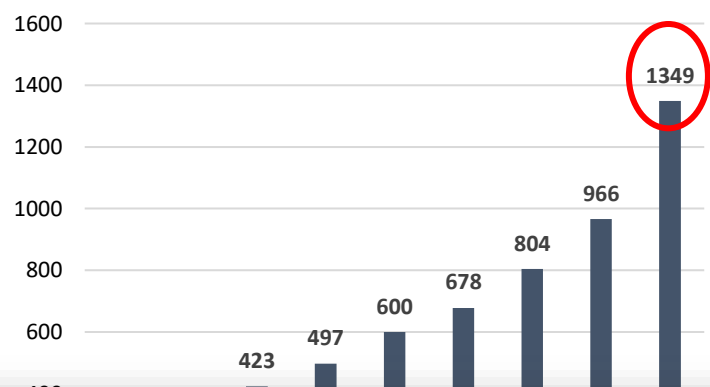


Table 7

Nitrite Results of Eight Selected Excipients in the Database and the Number of Excipient Suppliers the Excipients were Sourced from.

Excipients	Nitrite Results ($\mu\text{g/g}$)				No. of Suppliers	No. of Results
	Min	Mean	Median	Max		
Corn starch	0.055	0.21	0.15	0.61	6	20
Croscarmellose sodium	0.17	0.42	0.33	1.0	4	14
Crospovidone	0.79	6.5	8.3	14	5	15
Hypromellose	0.01	0.80	1	5.0	5	49
Lactose monohydrate	0.07	0.54	0.5	1.7	8	34
Magnesium stearate	0.1	2.6	2.4	6.1	9	44
Microcrystalline cellulose	0.04	0.70	0.5	2.4	9	73
Povidone	0.10	0.83	0.5	2.3	5	52

10. A Nitrite Excipient Database: A Useful Tool to Support N-Nitrosamine Risk Assessments for Drug Products, Boetzel et al, J. Pharm. Sci., 2023, 112, 1615-1624.



Calculating nitrosamine formation

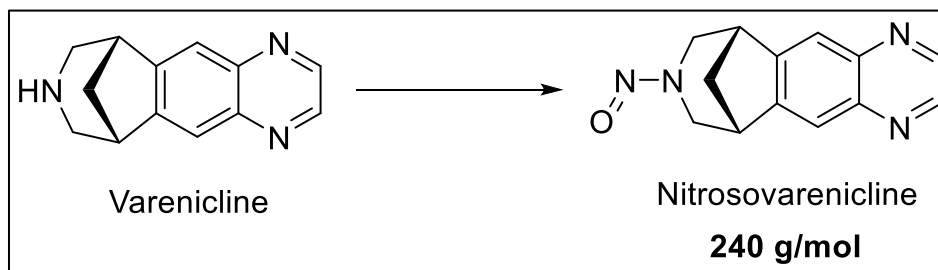
Component of the formulation	Composition in tablet	Mean nitrite	Total nitrite contribution
API	15%	-	-
Microcrystalline cellulose	50%	0.76 ppm	0.38 ppm
Mannitol	22.5%	0.31 ppm	0.07 ppm
Hypromellose	5%	0.6 ppm	0.03 ppm
Crospovidone	3%	6.4 ppm	0.19 ppm
Colloidal silicon dioxide	1%	0.93 ppm	0.009 ppm
Sodium stearyl fumarate	3%	0.28 ppm	0.008 ppm
Magnesium stearate	0.5%	2.1 ppm	0.011 ppm

0.70 ppm

Calculating nitrosamine content

$$\text{Nitrosamine [ng/g]} = \frac{\text{Nitrite content [ppm]} * 1000 * \text{MW Nitrosamine [g/mol]}}{\text{MW of nitrite [g/mol]}}$$

Average nitrite level



Safe limit (considering chronic use) = **200 ppm** (6 months @ 2 mg/day)

$$\text{Nitrosamine [ng/g]} = \frac{0.70 \text{ ppm} * 1000 * 240 \text{ [g/mol]}}{46 \text{ [g/mol]}} = 3.65 \text{ ppm}$$

10. A Nitrite Excipient Database: A Useful Tool to Support N-Nitrosamine Risk Assessments for Drug Products, Boetzel et al, J. Pharm. Sci., 2023, 112, 1615-1624.

Excipient selection



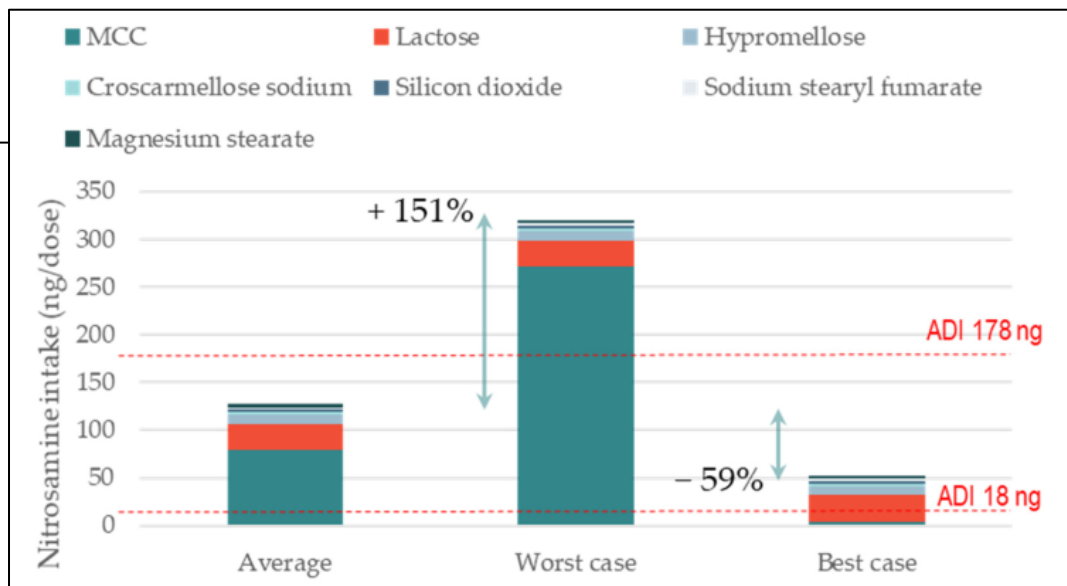
pharmaceutics



Article

Modeling the Impact of Excipients Selection on Nitrosamine Formation towards Risk Mitigation

Alberto Berardi *, Maarten Jaspers ^{ORCID} and Bastiaan H. J. Dickhoff ^{ORCID}



Nitrites levels in our excipients are among the lowest in the industry



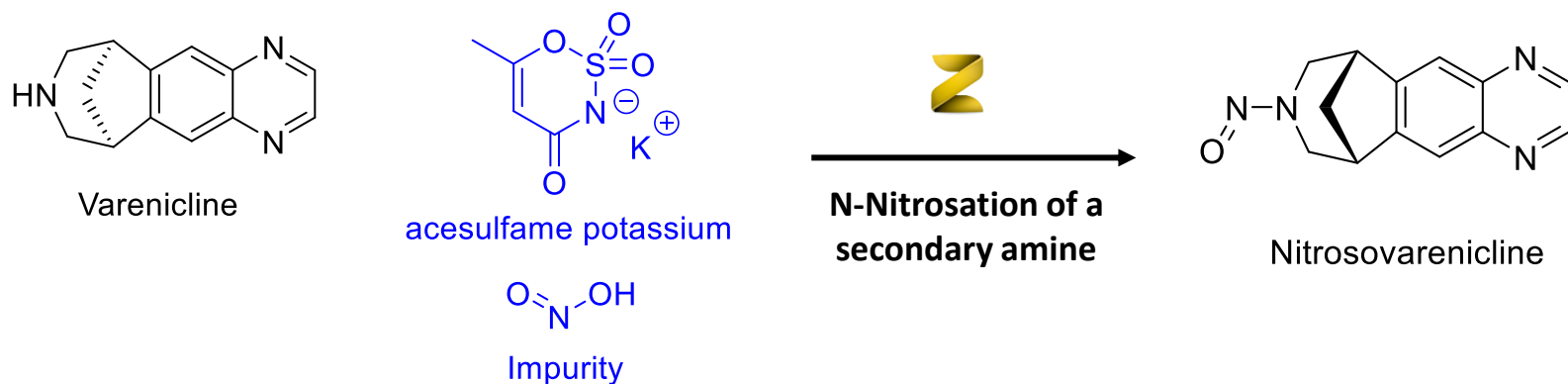
FDA comments

“Regulatory bodies (FDA) indicate **supplier qualification** (e.g., a **change of excipient supplier**) and **formulation design** (e.g., a **change of excipient type**) as the **main mitigation strategies** to reduce nitrosamines, it is key to understand the extent that these strategies can **reduce the risk of nitrosamine formation.**”




12. US FDA. Updates on Possible Mitigation Strategies to Reduce the Risk of Nitrosamine Drug Substance-Related Impurities in Drug Products. *Internet* 2021.

Excipient interaction predictions

- Potential API-excipient interactions can be predicted by Zeneth
- Database of ~350 structures (excipients, and their associated degradants and impurities)
- This can allow a risk-based stability assessment to be done



- Nitrite as an impurity has been added to excipients in Zeneth's excipient database in line with data from the Vitic Nitrites database
- Quantitative data from the Vitic Nitrites database could then be used to calculate the potential amount of nitrosamine in your formulation

 Zeneth +  Vitic nitrites  Inform and support mitigation strategies





Conclusions

Nitrosamine formation remains a challenge to assess and mitigate for all organisations involved in the drug development process, including regulators

The *in silico* tool Zeneth can assess the theoretical potential of an API to form a nitrosamine or an NDSRI via a degradation pathway

A database of nitrite levels can be used to understand the impact, and potential amount of nitrosamine formation in your formulation

 Zeneth +  Vitic nitrites \longrightarrow Inform and support mitigation strategies

Acknowledgments



- Grace Kocks
- Principal Application Scientist
- Project lead for the Vitic Nitrites database
- hello@lhasalimited.org



- Thank you to all Vitic Nitrites consortium members for their data contributions and collaboration.



Thank you to colleagues past and present for the nitrosamine section of Zeneth's knowledge base

References used

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3. [An expert system to predict the forced degradation of organic molecules, Parenty et al, Mol. Pharm., 2013, 10, 2962-2974.](#)
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5. [In Silico Prediction of Pharmaceutical Degradation Pathways: A Benchmarking Study, Kleinman et al, Mol. Pharm., 2014, 11, 4179-4188.](#)
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7. [Pathways for N-Nitroso Compound Formation: Secondary Amines and Beyond, Lopez-Rodriguez et al, Org. Process Res. Dev., 2020, 24, 1558-1585.](#)
8. [Reaction of Irbesartan with Nitrous Acid Produces Irbesartan Oxime Derivatives, rather than N-Nitrosoirbesartan, Lin et al, Org. Process Res. Dev. 2022, 26, 4, 1236-1246.](#)
9. [The Landscape of Potential Small and Drug Substance Related Nitrosamines in Pharmaceuticals, Schlingeman et al, J. Pharm. Sci., 2023, 112, 1287-1304.](#)
10. [A Nitrite Excipient Database: A Useful Tool to Support N-Nitrosamine Risk Assessments for Drug Products , Boetzel et al, J. Pharm. Sci., 2023, 112, 1615-1624.](#)
11. [Modeling the Impact of Excipients Selection on Nitrosamine Formation towards Risk Mitigation, Berardi et al, Pharmaceutics, 2023, 15, 2015.](#)
12. [US FDA. Updates on Possible Mitigation Strategies to Reduce the Risk of Nitrosamine Drug Substance-Related Impurities in Drug Products. Internet 2021.](#)

Thank you, any questions

